



### SIM CONTRIBUTION TO SUPPORT METROLOGY FOR INNOVATION AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT IN THE AMERICAS

Héctor Laiz SIM President Gerente de Metrología, Calidad y Ambiente - INTI





A representative, transparent, competent, and worldwide-recognized regional metrology organization.

### Mission

To promote and support an integrated measurement infrastructure in the Americas which enables each member national measurement institutes to stimulate innovation, competitiveness, trade, consumer safety and sustainable development by effectively participating in the international metrology community.



A representative, transparent, competent, and worldwide-recognized regional metrology organization.

### Mission

To promote and support an integrated measurement infrastructure in the Americas which enables each member national measurement institutes to stimulate innovation, competitiveness, trade, consumer safety and sustainable development by effectively participating in the international metrology community.



### **Strategic Objectives**

- I. Development of NMIs in the SIM Region
- II. Building a Strong SIM Organization
- III. Fulfill Regional Metrology Organization Obligations under the CIPM MRA



### **Strategic Objectives**

I. Development of NMIs in the SIM Region



- II. Building a Strong SIM Organization
- III. Fulfill Regional Metrology Organization Obligations under the CIPM MRA



### Strategic Objective: Development of NMIs in the SIM Region

### I.1 Develop Metrology for Innovation

ACTION I.1.1: The SIM Council in cooperation with the SIM Technical Committee will develop and implement a 3-year plan to support the development of the metrology needed for emerging technologies (i.e., advanced manufacturing, nanotechnology and biotechnology). This plan will also promote the growth of cooperation for research in metrology among SIM NMIs.

**Resources: IADB Project** 



Strategic Objective: Development of NMIs in the SIM Region

### **I.2 Develop Metrology for a Sustainable Development**

ACTION I.2.1: The SIM Council in cooperation with the SIM Technical Committee will develop and implement a 3-year plan to support the development of the metrology needed for <u>Renewable Energies and Energy</u> <u>Efficiency.</u>

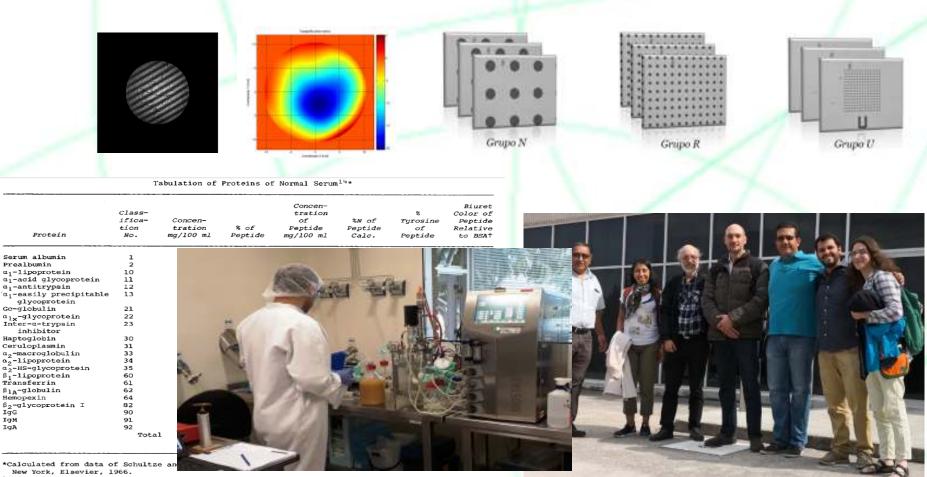
Resources: PTB Project. OAS-NIST Project

ACTION I.2.3: The SIM Council in cooperation with the SIM Technical Committee will develop and implement a 3-year plan to support the development of the metrology needed for <u>Climate Science</u>, <u>Biodiversity and</u> <u>the Green Economy</u>.

Resources: PTB Project. OAS-NIST Project



# **Project -> Strengthening National Metrology Institutes in the** hemisphere, in support of emerging technologies



+Bovine serum albumin. ( )The values in the brackets were indirectly calculated from the stated amounts of nonpeptide constituents.

IĝG IgM IgA



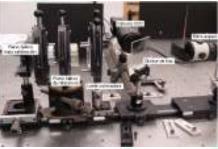
# IMPROVEMENT AND UPDATING OF INTERFEROMETRIC SYSTEMS FOR TRACEABLE DIMENSIONAL NANOMETROLOGY AT SIM

This project focuses on cross validation of flatness calibration /measurement systems at two of SIM-NMIs (INMETRO and INTI), who already have a Fizeau interferometer for flatness-deviation calibration of optical flats, extending its traceability/metrological control to others SIM-NMIs, to develop capabilities in nanometrology.

INMETRO and INTI will automate optical flatness measurements with the help of CENAM (México), LACOMET (Costa Rica), and LATU (Uruguay) who will also receive the transfer of the technology and knowledge.







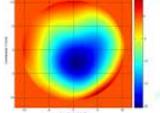
A SCHOOL OF ALIGNMENT AND TUNING WAS CARRIED OUT WITH THE INTERFEROMETER OF INTI.

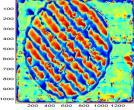


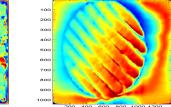
# IMPROVEMENT AND UPDATING OF INTERFEROMETRIC SYSTEMS FOR TRACEABLE DIMENSIONAL NANOMETROLOGY AT SIM

### ANALYSIS OF UNCERTAINTY CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THOSE AUTOMATED SYSTEMS



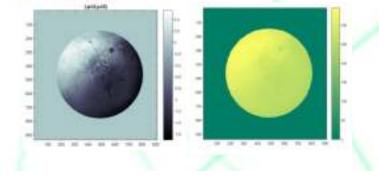






In order to evaluate the topography of the optical planes, the FFT METHOD ANALISYS method was evaluated and also the BIDIMENSIONAL EMPIRICAL MODE DECOMPOSITION (BEMD) & HILBERT SPECTRAL ANALYSIS (HSA). Both methods were finally rejected, and outweighed by the Takeda modified regularization method by CENAM.

### • TO PROVIDE TRACEABILITY TO THE OTHER SIM-NMIS IN THE NANOSCALE



WE ARE DEVELOPING PHASE STEPPING ALGORITHM FOR THE ABSOLUTE MEASUREMENT OF FLATNESS.



## IMPROVEMENT AND UPDATING OF INTERFEROMETRIC SYSTEMS FOR TRACEABLE DIMENSIONAL NANOMETROLOGY AT SIM

### • TO LAUNCH A STABLE BASIS FOR NEW COMPARISONS AT SIM IN FLATNESS DEVIATION

It would be expected that the designs and improvements reached by this project will be transferred to all the SIMN MIs, for instance, CENAM, LACOMET and LATU, in order to replicate this type of system at their facilities.

LACOMET, STARTED THE DESIGN OF A HOME MADE FIZEAU INTERFEROMETER BASED ON INTI FACILITIES.





# LARGE-SCALE DIMENSIONAL METROLOGY

Evaluate the performance of large-scale measurement instruments such as laser trackers, total stations or photogrammetric systems to assure the measurements of large objects

### **OBJECTIVES:**

- Verification and evaluation of the instrument in accordance with existing written standards.
- Development of calibration standards (artifacts).
- Development of calibration and verification methods.
- Evaluation of measurement uncertainty.
- Characterizations of influencing variables such as the refractive index of air.
- Evaluation and comparison of the different instruments and technologies (total stations, laser trackers, photogrammetry, etc.)







# LARGE-SCALE DIMENSIONAL METROLOGY

• NPL (UK) provided the project with a script developed in Matlab that allows the evaluation of geometric errors of laser trackers with beam of light mounted on the head.

• CENAM performed the measurement of nests of points and sent the results of these measurements to the other laboratories to make these measurements.

In the next meeting we will analyze those results. Those points will be loaded into the software provided by NPL to find the geometry errors of the laser trackers.



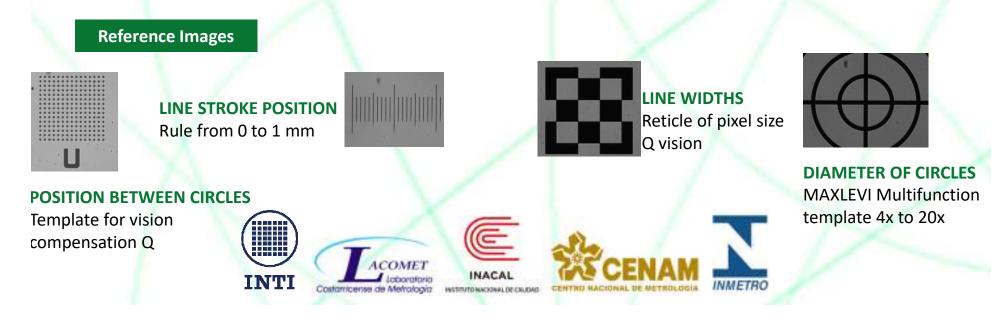
Janet (Perú), Octavio (México), Luiz (Brasil), Diego (Argentina) y Leonardo (Costa Rica)



## CALIBRATION OF STANDARD REFERENCE MATERIAL FOR USE IN CALIBRATING THE MAGNIFICATION OR SCALE OF OPTICAL MICROSCOPY AND SCANNING ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The implementation of algorithms for image processing for metrology purposes. This will enable our instruments to operate in a semi-automatic way to determine different geometric parameters such as the center of a circle, the intersection of a line with a plane, the parameters defining a cone, etc.

Aim: better tools to measure in the nano and micro range. The main challenge is to define algorithms for automatic image segmentation and image analysis procedures. Besides, it is also important to research its influences and uncertainty on the measurements results.





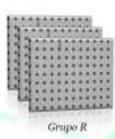
## CALIBRATION OF STANDARD REFERENCE MATERIAL FOR USE IN CALIBRATING THE MAGNIFICATION OR SCALE OF OPTICAL MICROSCOPY AND SCANNING ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

**Experimentation/Circules position (Protocol)** 

- Determine the position of four circles with respect to a reference circle (central circle) in the three images.
- Determine radius of the 5 circles in the three images.
- Calculate average and total standard deviation.

(\*) APPROVED MEASUREMENT PROTOCOLS, MEASUREMENTS IN PROCESS.

	0.1.4	1 1	KU1
	0		0
		0	0
-	0		



Grupo U

IMAGEN	CÍRCULO	COORD (PIXE		RAI	010	COORDEN	NADA μM	DISTANCIA EUCLIDIANA
		х	Y	pixeles	μm	х	Y	μm
	1	1233.3	1038.7	145.4	13.40	113.70	95.76	
1	2	1235.3	311.0	145.9	13.45	113.88	28.67	67.09
N_0001	3	1231.8	1766.4	145.7	13.44	113.56	162.85	67.09
z	4	506.2	1037.4	145.4	13.41	46.66	95.63	67.04
	5	1960.9	1040.0	145.9	13.45	180.78	95.87	67.08
	1	1233.3	1039.7	147.7	13.62	113.70	95.84	
5	2	1237.7	310.7	144.8	13.35	114.10	28.65	67.20
N_0002	3	1231.7	1767.5	147.9	13.64	113.55	162.94	67.10
z	4	506.1	1038.3	147.8	13.62	46.65	95.72	67.05
	5	1966.7	1035.9	147.7	13.61	181.31	95.49	67.61
	1	1233.2	1038.6	147.5	13.60	113.69	95.74	
33	2	1234.8	311.0	148.0	13.64	113.83	28.67	67.07
N_0003	3	1231.7	1766.1	147.8	13.62	113.55	162.82	67.07
z	4	506.0	1037.3	147.7	13.62	46.64	95.63	67.04
	5	1960.7	1039.8	147.8	13.63	180.76	95.86	67.07



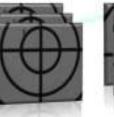
## CALIBRATION OF STANDARD REFERENCE MATERIAL FOR USE IN CALIBRATING THE MAGNIFICATION OR SCALE OF OPTICAL MICROSCOPY AND SCANNING ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

**Experimentation/Circules position (Protocol)** 

• Circle A positions within the field of view of the camera



central



superior



inferior

Método y parámetros



derecha



izquierda

Nº de puntos con los que se determine el círculo

<sup>(\*)</sup> APPROVED MEASUREMENT PROTOCOLS, MEASUREMENTS IN PROCESS.

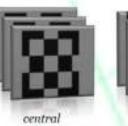
Método	zerocross	sigma Tamaño	5 5 x 5	$\square$	1	
Contraction of the	Superior	Radio	Centro en	1 pixeles	No.	Diámetro
Imagen	Superior	μm	x	y	puntos	μm
CEN_R0026	1	52.76	1935.36	1054.38	2740	105.52
CEN_R0042	2	52.77	1947.48	1072.54	2755	105.54
CEN_Roo43	3	52.78	1926.15	1093.28	2734	105.56
	Promedio	52.77	1936.33	1073.40		105.54
	D. estándar	0.009				0.018

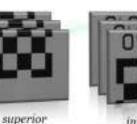


## CALIBRATION OF STANDARD REFERENCE MATERIAL FOR USE IN CALIBRATING THE MAGNIFICATION OR SCALE OF OPTICAL MICROSCOPY AND SCANNING ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

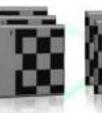
**Experimentation/Circules position (Protocol)** 

• Positions of light and dark squares within the field of view of the camera









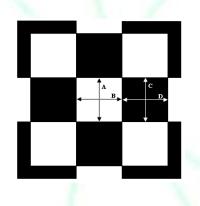




VALOR NOMINAL		VALOR MED	IDO EN µM	
μm	А	В	C	D
100	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
40	40.0	40.0	39.9	40.0
10	10.0	10.1	10.0	10.0

VALOR NOMINAL	D	ESVIACIÓN	ESTÁNDAR µ	M
μm	Α	В	С	D
100	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
40	40.0	40.0	39.9	40.0
10	10.0	10.1	10.0	10.0

(\*) APPROVED MEASUREMENT PROTOCOLS, MEASUREMENTS IN PROCESS.

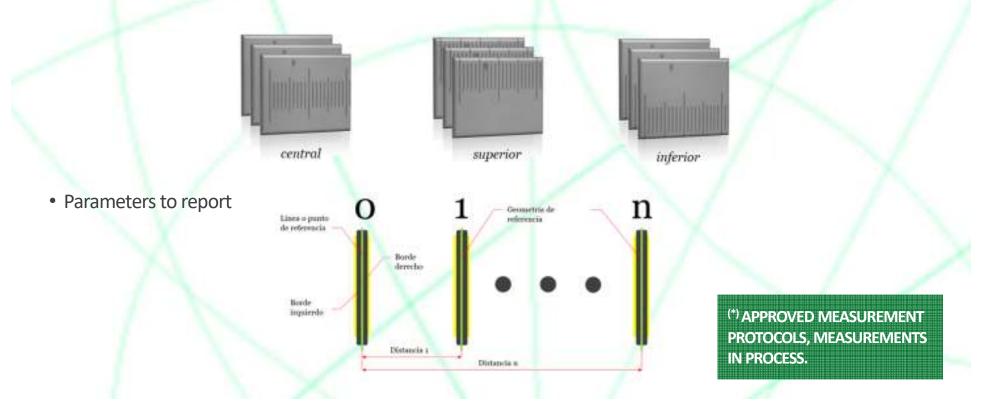




## CALIBRATION OF STANDARD REFERENCE MATERIAL FOR USE IN CALIBRATING THE MAGNIFICATION OR SCALE OF OPTICAL MICROSCOPY AND SCANNING ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

**Experimentation/Circules position (Protocol)** 

• Positions of line strokes within the field of view of the camera





## **Development of a Protein Certificate Reference Material** (CRM), Bovine Serum Albumin

### Aims

Set up measurement traceability for total protein quantifications.

# **Objectives**

Develop the BSA Certified Reference Material.





•Introduce the LAC region to protein CRM production and certification according to ISO standards 30-35.



# Why BSA is important?

Calcui New 1 Bovine	Tabulation of Proteins of			
Prealbumin   2   32   97.7     a <sub>1</sub> -lipoprotein   10   320   92.8     a <sub>1</sub> -acid glycoprotein   11   87   54.9     a <sub>1</sub> -acid glycoprotein   12   355   73.3     a <sub>1</sub> -easily precipitable   13   10   80.7     glycoprotein   6c-globulin   21   58   90.2     Gc-globulin   21   58   90.2   (90.9)     inhibitor   22   25   (77.3)     Inter-a-trypsin   23   20   (90.9)     inhibitor   30   110   82.0     Ceruloplasmin   31   45   84.9     a <sub>2</sub> -macroglobulin   33   300   84.8     a <sub>2</sub> -lipoprotein   35   50   79.9     β <sub>1</sub> -lipoprotein   60   360   (19.2)     Transferrin   61   260   95.2     β <sub>1</sub> -globulin   62   35   96     Hemopexin   64   90   70.5     gA   90   1200   97.7     gA   91   75   86.0	ifica- Concen- tion tration % of	tration	ifica- tion	Protein
a <sub>1</sub> -lipoprotein   10   320   92.8     a <sub>1</sub> -acid glycoprotein   11   87   54.9     a <sub>1</sub> -acid glycoprotein   12   355   73.3     a <sub>1</sub> -easily precipitable   13   10   80.7     glycoprotein   22   25   (77.3)     Gc-globulin   21   58   90.2     a <sub>1x</sub> -glycoprotein   22   25   (77.3)     Inter-a-trypsin   23   20   (90.9)     inhibitor   14   45   84.9     a <sub>2</sub> -macroglobulin   33   300   84.8     a <sub>2</sub> -lipoprotein   35   50   79.9     f <sub>1</sub> -lipoprotein   35   50   79.9     f <sub>1</sub> -lipoprotein   60   360   (19.2)     Transferrin   61   260   95.2     β <sub>1x</sub> -globulin   62   35   96     Hemopexin   64   90   70.5     g <sub>2</sub> -glycoprotein I   82.4   90   1200   97.7     gM   91   75   86.0   100.5   100.5     gA   90	1 4000 99.0	4000	1	Serum albumin
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 32 97.7	32	2	Prealbumin
$a_1$ -acid glycoprotein   11   87   54.9 $a_1$ -antitrypsin   12   355   73.3 $a_1$ -easily precipitable   13   10   80.7     glycoprotein   22   25   (77.3)     Gc-globulin   21   58   90.2 $a_{1_x}$ -glycoprotein   22   25   (77.3)     Inter-a-trypsin   23   20   (90.9)     inhibitor   10   82.0     Haptoglobin   30   110   82.0     Ceruloplasmin   31   45   84.9 $a_2$ -macroglobulin   33   300   84.8 $a_2$ -HS-glycoprotein   35   50   79.9 $\beta_1$ -lipoprotein   60   360   (19.2)     Transferrin   61   260   95.2 $\beta_{1A}$ -globulin   62   35   96     Hemopexin   64   90   70.5 $\beta_2$ -glycoprotein I   88.4   90   1200 $gA$ 90   1200   97.7 $gA$ 91   75   86.0 $gA$ <td></td> <td></td> <td>10</td> <td>a,-lipoprotein</td>			10	a,-lipoprotein
$a_1$ -antitrypsin   12   355   73.3 $a_1$ -easily precipitable   13   10   80.7 $glycoprotein$ 21   58   90.2 $a_{1_x}$ -glycoprotein   22   25   (77.3)     Inter-a-trypsin   23   20   (90.9)     inhibitor   30   110   82.0     Haptoglobin   30   110   82.0     Ceruloplasmin   31   45   84.9 $a_2$ -macroglobulin   33   300   84.8 $a_2$ -HS-glycoprotein   34   190   (7.3) $a_2$ -HS-glycoprotein   35   50   79.9 $\beta_1$ -lipoprotein   60   360   (19.2)     Transferrin   61   260   95.2 $\beta_1_2$ -globulin   62   35   96     Hemopexin   64   90   70.5 $\beta_2$ -glycoprotein I   88.4   90   1200   97.7 $gA$ 91   75   86.0   10.4   10.4 $gA$ 91   75   86.0   10.4   10.4			11	
a <sub>1</sub> -easily precipitable   13   10   80.7     glycoprotein   21   58   90.2     a <sub>1x</sub> -glycoprotein   22   25   (77.3)     Inter-a-trypsin   23   20   (90.9)     inhibitor   30   110   82.0     Ceruloplasmin   31   45   84.9     a <sub>2</sub> -macroglobulin   33   300   84.8     a <sub>2</sub> -lipoprotein   34   190   (7.3)     a <sub>2</sub> -HS-glycoprotein   35   50   79.9     β <sub>1</sub> -lipoprotein   60   360   (19.2)     Transferrin   61   260   95.2     β <sub>1A</sub> -globulin   62   35   96     Hemopexin   64   90   70.5     β <sub>2</sub> -glycoprotein I   82   23   76.3     gA   90   1200   97.7     gM   91   75   86.0     gA   91   75   86.0     gA   91   75   86.0     gA   91   75   86.0     gA   93   94		355		
Gc-globulin   21   58   90.2     α <sub>1x</sub> -glycoprotein   22   25   (77.3)     Inter-α-trypsin   23   20   (90.9)     inhibitor   30   110   82.0     Haptoglobin   30   110   82.0     Ceruloplasmin   31   45   84.9     α <sub>2</sub> -macroglobulin   33   300   84.8     α <sub>2</sub> -HS-glycoprotein   35   50   79.9     β <sub>1</sub> -lipoprotein   60   360   (19.2)     Transferrin   61   260   95.2     β <sub>1</sub> -globulin   62   35   96     Hemopexin   62   35   96     Hemopexin   62   35   96     ga   90   1200   97.7     gM   91   75   86.0     gA   91   75   86.0     mosite avera   ins, Molecula   ins, Molecula				a1-easily precipitable
Inter-α-trypsin inhibitor   23   20   (90.9)     inhibitor   30   110   82.0     Ceruloplasmin   31   45   84.9     a2-macroglobulin   33   300   84.8     a2-lipoprotein   34   190   (7.3)     a2-HS-glycoprotein   35   50   79.9     β1-lipoprotein   60   360   (19.2)     Transferrin   61   260   95.2     β1A-globulin   62   35   96     Hemopexin   64   90   70.5     β2-glycoprotein I   82   23   76.3     7G   90   1200   97.7     gA   91   75   86.0     gA   91   75   86.0     Galcu   New   88.4   mposite avera     New   Boving   ms, Molecula   Molecula	21 58 90.2	58	21	Gc-globulin
Inter-α-trypsin   23   20   (90.9)     inhibitor   30   110   82.0     Ceruloplasmin   31   45   84.9     a2-macroglobulin   33   300   84.8     a2-lipoprotein   34   190   (7.3)     a2-HS-glycoprotein   35   50   79.9     β1-lipoprotein   60   360   (19.2)     Transferrin   61   260   95.2     β1A-globulin   62   35   96     Hemopexin   64   90   70.5     β2-glycoprotein I   82   23   76.3     7G   90   1200   97.7     gA   91   75   86.0     gA   91   75   86.0     gA   91   75   86.0     gA   91   75   86.0     mosite avera   ins, Molecula   ins, Molecula	22 25 (77.3)	25	22	1,-glycoprotein
Ceruloplasmin   31   45   84.9     a2-macroglobulin   33   300   84.8     a2-lipoprotein   34   190   (7.3)     a2-HS-glycoprotein   35   50   79.9     β1-lipoprotein   60   366   (19.2)     transferrin   61   260   95.2     β1A-globulin   62   35   96     Hemopexin   64   90   70.5     β2-glycoprotein I   82   23   76.3     gG   90   1200   97.7     gM   91   75   86.0     gA   91   75   86.0     calcu   New   88.4   Mostite avera     New   Boving   100   100   97.7		20	23	Inter-a-trypsin
α2-macroglobulin   33   300   84.8     α2-lipoprotein   34   190   (7.3)     α2-HS-glycoprotein   35   50   79.9     β1-lipoprotein   60   360   (19.2)     Transferrin   61   260   95.2     β1A-globulin   62   35   96     Hemopexin   64   90   70.5     β2-glycoprotein I   82   23   76.3     7G   90   1200   97.7     3M   91   75   86.0     gA   91   75   80.0     gA   91   75   80.0     gA   97   88.4   90   90     gA   98   98   99   90     gA   98   99   90   90   90     gA   99   90   90   90 <td>30 110 82.0</td> <td>110</td> <td>30</td> <td>Haptoglobin</td>	30 110 82.0	110	30	Haptoglobin
$a_2^-$ -lipoprotein   34   190   (7.3) $a_2^-$ -HS-glycoprotein   35   50   79.9 $\beta_1^-$ lipoprotein   60   360   (19.2)     Transferrin   61   260   95.2 $\beta_1_A$ -globulin   62   35   96     Hemopexin   64   90   70.5 $\beta_2$ -glycoprotein I   82   23   76.3     'JG   90   1200   97.7     JM   91   75   86.0     gA   92   100   97.7     JM   91   75   86.0     gA   91   75   86.0     gA   91   75   86.0     wew   Boving   Ins, Molecula   Molecula	31 45 84.9	45	31	Ceruloplasmin
$a_2^-HS-glycoprotein$ 35   50   79.9 $\beta_1^-lipoprotein$ 60   360   (19.2)     Transferrin   61   260   95.2 $\beta_1_a^-globulin$ 62   35   96     Hemopexin   64   90   70.5 $\beta_2^-glycoprotein I$ 82   23   76.3 $gG$ 90   1200   97.7 $gM$ 91   75   86.0 $gA$ 91   75   86.0 $gA$ 91   75   88.4     Description   91   75   80.0 $gA$ 91   75   80.0 $gA$ 91   75   80.0 $gA$ 91   75   80.0 $gA$ 91   91   90.0 $GA$ 90   90.0   90.0   90.0 $gA$ 90.0   90.0   90.0   90.0 $gA$ 90.0   90.0   90.0   90.0   90.0 $gA$ 90.0   90.0   90.0   90.0   90.0	33 300 84.8	300	33	2,-macroglobulin
β <sub>1</sub> -lipoprotein   60   360   (19.2)     Transferrin   61   260   95.2     β <sub>1A</sub> -globulin   62   35   96     Hemopexin   64   90   70.5     β <sub>2</sub> -glycoprotein I   82   23   76.3     JG   90   1200   97.7     JM   91   75   86.0     gA   90   1200   97.7     JM   91   75   88.4     NgA   91   75   80.0     gA   90   100   100     Galar   91   75   80.0     gA   91   75   80.0     gA   90   100   100     Mostite avera   100   100   100     New   Boving   100   100   100	34 190 (7.3)	190	34	2-lipoprotein
Transferrin   61   260   95.2     β <sub>1A</sub> -globulin   62   35   96     Hemopexin   64   90   70.5     β <sub>2</sub> -glycoprotein I   82   23   76.3     jG   90   1200   97.7     jM   91   75   86.0     gA   92   38.4     Calcu   nposite avera   ins, Molecula	35 50 79.9	50	35	2-HS-glycoprotein
β <sub>1A</sub> -globulin   62   35   96     Hemopexin   64   90   70.5     β <sub>2</sub> -glycoprotein I   82   23   76.3     "gG   90   1200   97.7     gM   91   75   86.0     gA   "mosite avera		360	60	
Hemopexin 64 90 70.5   β <sub>2</sub> -glycoprotein I 82 23 76.3   "JG 90 1200 97.7   gA 91 75 86.0   gA 91 75 86.4   Calcu: New Bovint Ins, Molecula	61 260 95.2	260	61	Fransferrin
β2-glycoprotein I     82     23     76.3       JG     90     1200     97.7       JM     91     75     86.0       gA     90     1200     97.7       JM     91     75     86.0       gA     90     1200     97.7       JM     91     75     86.0       gA     90     100     97.7       Calcu     New     Boving     90     100	62 35 96	35	62	β <sub>la</sub> -globulin
gG 90 1200 97.7   gM 91 75 86.0   gA 91 75 88.4   Calcuine New New New   Boving Solution Solution Solution	64 90 70.5	90	64	Hemopexin
PM PA PA PA PA PA PA PA PA PA PA	82 23 76.3	23	82	β <sub>2</sub> -glycoprotein Ι
gA Calcu New Bovine	90 1200 97.7	1200	90	gG
Calcu New Bovint	91 75 86.0	75	91	ЭM
Calcui New Boving	88.4			gA
Calcui New Boving	nposite avera	a,	0	
Bovine	ans, Molecula	23		
)The y calculated	ly calculated			

Images: Word Protein Data Bank, http://www.rcsb.org/pdb/explore/explore.do?structureId=5IFO



**Production:** Scale up: By INTI

#### Analytic:

- •Homogeneity study: INTI
- •Stability study: CENAM •Assignment of Value: INMETRO and CENAM

### Impact of the Project

•The proposal is particularly interesting because it develops capabilities in LAC NMIs in this very sensitive area Bio-metrology.

• the BSA CRM production, enables each country to develop other standards to satisfy the needs of different sectors.

• This Project also seeks to create an regional working group in order to develop different protein CRMs, and *Strengthening National Metrology Institutes in Bio-metrology*.

•This CRM will help clinic, scientific labs and industry to improve their measurements.

### Networking



• Workshop, "Protein CRM and Bio-metrology", 27- 29 de June de 2017, Río de Janeiro, Brazil.



• project RG-T2682 IDB, BSA reference material.



• Application for second step production further purification and lyophilized BSA CRM development.





 Development of a new proposal for "foot and mouth disease" DNA reference Material. Fast quantification and detection







Quality Infrastructure for Biodiversity and Climate Protection

Sun



# **UV RADIATION**

AIM: Realization of the spectral irradiace scale in the UV range

#### STATE :

- Subproject members are working with the equipment characterization,
- Virtual meetings carried out to adjust activities in the action plan

#### **NEXT STEPS:**

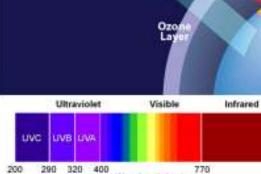
- Intercomparison workshop CENAM, INTI, INMETRO
- Training at INTI to IBMETRO & INACAL, date tbc











Wavelength (nm)



# **QUALITY ASSURANCE OF GRAINS (QUINOA)**

#### **STATE :**

- Samples of the Reference Material were received by each country
- Protocols validation finalized June-July 2018
- Intercomparison carried out

- Analysis of the Intercomparison results
- Characterization measurements
- Meeting in Ecuador (October 2018)
- Definition of way forward with saponine test method.



















# **VEHICLE EMISSIONS**

AIM: provide traceability to gas measurements (Propane, CO and CO2) from emission of vehicle exhaust

Participants

#### STATE:

- Cylinder purchase was concluded satisfactory and received by INMETRO
- Advanced Training on Gravimetric Development and Analysis of Certified Reference Materials in INMETRO for persons from INEN, LATU and INM
- Preparation of the Reference Materials by INMETRO and participants done

#### **NEXT STEPS:**

Shipment of the cylinders

























# **GHG METROLOGY**

- Subcoordinator & submitting organization: Jorge Koelliker, CENAM México
- Implementing partners: INTI Argentina, INMETRO Brazil, LATU Uruguay, IBMETRO Bolivia, INACAL Peru, UCR Costa Rica.

### WORKPACKAGE 1

- Development of capabilities in CENAM & INMETRO to Support Atmospheric Measurement Research Community in CO2 measurements
- CRMs available in CENAM and INMETRO
- Internship form a person from LACOMET in CENAM to improve methods

#### WORKPAKAGE 2

- Identification of scope successfully finished.
- Gas mixtures purchased and arrived at part of the NMIs

- Training workshop in CENAM for method validation and capabilities development (Oct)
- SIM comparison planning



# **BIODIVERSITY MONITORING**

GOAL: To ensure metrological traceability in chlorophyll, phosphorus and dissolved oxygen for the development of CRM and the calibrations of sensors

#### **STATE:**

- Training in measurement of dissolved oxygen DO and phosphorus - P (Jun 17)
- Training in measurement of chlorophyll A ChlA (Jul 18)
- Methods for analysis of DO and P Implemented in majority of NMIs







- Implementation of method for ChIA (Jun 19)
- Acquire reference materials and develop inter-comparisons to validate methods (in process, to be concluded Oct 18)
- Perform intercomparisons of the methods among the NMIs (Jun 19)
- Produce reference material in NMIs (Oct 19)













# BIOGAS

#### AIM: traceability for calorific value of biogas

### STATE OF THE ART:

- Biogas PRM purchase in progress, arrived at INMETRO, the others are pending.
- Biogas training at VSL Holanda (April / 2018) for CENAM and INMETRO

- Receive the Biogas CRM at CENAM, INTI and INMETRO
- Biogas trainning at INMETRO for INTI participant
- Biogas trainning at IBMETRO by CENAM







# BIODEGRADABILITY

GOAL: to measure the degree of biodegradability of organic chemical substances for industrial and domestic use (detergents and lubricants)

### STATE OF THE ART:

- First regional meeting and specific training was held in Costa Rica (06/2018)
- The design of the interlaboratory comparison test was discussed and modified.
- The uncertainty analysis for biodegradability test was included in the action plan, and the possibility of drafting a scientific publication is being considered.

- Second Biodegradability training March 2019.
- An on-line course for uncertainty analysis, regarding basic and applied concepts will take place between September 2018 and March 2019.













# METROLOGY FOR METEOROLOGY

- Subcoordinator & submitting organization: Javier Garcia Skabar, INTI Argentina
- Implementing partners: Metrology and Meteorology Institutes from Argentina, Brazil, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Mexico, Panama, Peru, Uruguay

### STATE OF THE ART:

- Training in metrology fundamentals for meteorologists. Panamá. Jun 2018.

- Internships of meteorologists in the metrology institutes (national level)
- Training in air velocity measurement. Nov. 2018
- Preparation of a technical protocol for AWS Calibration
- Preparation of a International intercomparison of AWS





# MERCURY

#### Goal:

To develop measurement capabilities to measure mercury in fish

#### **STATE OF THE ART:**

- Survey to know the capacities of the participating institutions and define the interest in the methods for harmonization.
- Collection, preparation and measurement of samples for preliminary evaluation of mercury contents.

### **NEXT STEPS:**

- Workshop: "Definition and harmonization of measurement methods" Bogotá. Sep. 2018.
- Workshop: "Training in classical techniques for measuring elements in fish." Querétaro. Nov. 2018.

Participants















INACAL Instituto Nacra de Calidad

Mentoring





Promoting Innovation in the Green Economy by including Quality Infrastructure In Latin America and the Caribbean



# PILOT 2: STRENGTHENING QUALITY IN THE E-WASTE VALUE CHAIN

#### **OBJECTIVE:**

Strengthen the institutions of the QI, as a support to a better management of electrical and electronic equipment waste (RAEE), in the participating countries.

#### **PARTICIPANTS**:

SNC-OHA, Honduras; SNC-INEN, Ecuador; INTI, Argentina; INMETRO, Brasil; EMA, Mexico.

#### TIMEFRAME:

July 2017 – July 2019

#### **IMPLEMENTED ACTIVITIES:**

- Analysis of the general situation of the e-waste chain in the 5 countries, for prioritized products analysis matrix, virtual meetings, Feb 18.
- Training in ISO Guide IWA 19, Tegucigalpa, Honduras, Mar 18.
- Presentation of CALIDENA methodology, Tegucigalpa, Honduras, Mar 18.

- E-Waste workshop, training auditors ISO Guide IWA 19, Honduras, Nov 18
- E-Waste CALIDENA exercise, Quito, Ecuador, nov-dec 18
- Calidena Action Plan follow-up in EC, jan 19



# **PILOT 3: PRODUCT CATEGORY RULES**

#### **OBJECTIVE:**

Develop the capability of Quality Infrastructure (QI) organizations to offer QI services related to PCRs development according to ISO/TS 14027:2017 in selected LAC countries.

### PARTICIPANTS:

ECA (Costa Rica), INTI (Argentina), INMETRO (BRAZIL), ICONTEC (Colombia), TTBS (Trinidad & Tobago)

### **IMPLEMENTED ACTIVITIES:**

- Kick-off workshop on Water Footprint and Quality Infrastructure in November 2017
- Online coaching
- Implementation of action plans of each country
- Capacity building , participation in congresses and related workshops
- Development and technical review of documents and inputs

- Elaborate procedures for PCRs developmet
- PCRs elaboration for specific products
- Diffusion activities of the elaborated products
- Systematization of experiences
- Closing workshop in 2019 (CILCA Costa Rica)



# PILOT 5: COLOCATION STUDIES FOR COST-EFFECTIVE AIR MONITORING SENSOR SYSTEMS

#### **OBJECTIVE:**

Verify the measurement reliability of cost-effective air monitoring sensors in Latin American and Caribbean Context

#### **PARTICIPANTS**:

Argentina (INTI and APrA Buenos Aires, Red Argentina de Monitoreo del Aire) and Costa Rica (Univ. Nacional, USAC and LACOMET) in cooperation with UN Environment.

#### TIMEFRAME:

August 2017 - July 2019

#### **IMPLEMENTED ACTIVITIES:**

- Presentation and Training in Buenos Aires (May 2018)
- Location of sensor in Buenos Aires City

- Location of sensors in Costa Rica and Argentine cities
- Co-location study comparison of measurement capabilities of cost-effective sensors with conventional monitoring systems
- Systematization of case studies
- Workshop with UN Environment, industry, users and NMIs to share experience





# **PILOT 6: PROFICIENCY TEST FOR AIR MONITORING NETWORKS**

#### **OBJECTIVE:**

Improve the measurement capabilities of air monitoring systems in Latin American and Caribbean Cities.

#### **PARTICIPANTS**:

Argentina (INTI, APrA Buenos Aires, Red Nacional de Monitoreo del Aire), Brazil (INEA Rio de Janeiro and INMETRO), Costa Rica (Univ. Nacional, USAC and LACOMET), Guatemala (INSIVUMEH), Mexico (Univ. Queretaro y CENAM), Trinidad and Tobago (EMA and TTBS), Paraguay (NMI).

#### TIMEFRAME:

August 2017 - July 2019

#### **IMPLEMENTED ACTIVITIES:**

• Preparatory workshop in Buenos Aires (May 2018)

- Proficiency test in CO
- Follow up workshop and training in measurement uncertainties
- Systematization of case studies





# **Summary and Outlook**

- SIM is supporting metrology for innovation and sustainable development in the Americas building an associative network with its NMIs for working together in common projects
- Good support of funding agencies and partners (IADB, PTB, OAS, NIST)
- New project to develop the metrology needed for the digital economy



Obrigado Merci Thank you Gracias